

| Country / City       | Santiago, Chile  |
|----------------------|--|
| University / School  | Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile   |
| Academic year        | 2016   |
| Title of the project | The San Cristobál the Santiago, a historically unfinished hill : natural systems as modelers of an aerial topography |
| Authors              | Tatiana Carbonell Guillon  |





## PERFORMATIVE NATURE

## **Barcelona International Landscape Architecture Biennial**

September 2018 Barcelona SCHOOL PRIZE

The San Cristobál the Santiago, a historically unfinished hill: natural systems as modelers of an aerial topography.

## **X International Landscape Architecture Biennial**

Máster d'Arquitectura del Paisatge -DUOT - UPC
ETSAB- Escola Tècnica Superior
d'Arquitectura de Barcelona
Avenida Diagonal, 649 piso 5
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## **TECHNICAL DOSSIER**

Title of the project

| Authors  | Tatiana Carbonell Guillon  |
|--|--|
| Title of the course  | Final project  |
| Academic year  | 2017   |
| Teaching Staff   | Romy Hecht Marchant  |
| Department/Section/Program of belonging  | Master in Landscape Architecture                                   |
| University/School  | Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile                           |
| Written statement, short description of the project in English, no   | o more than 250 words  |
| Strategically located on the northeastern edge of Santiago, throughout its history, Cerro San Cristó         | obal has been watched from the city, giving it different roles and |
| posing on it dissimilar images. During the celebration of the Centennial of the Nation, a key plan wa        | as crystallized in that narrative, which proposed for the only     |
| only time an investment in that view when raising the possibility of a project for the hill from its summer. | mits to the city.  |
| This plan was led by its main promoter, the mayor Alberto Mackenna Subercaseaux (1875-1952), b               | eing designed by the French landscape architect Carlos Thays       |

(1849-1934). Its importance lies in the approach of a project of unitary landscape, capable of recognizing, on the one hand, the geological and productive past of

Consequently, the thesis proposes that the incorporation of the old quarries of stone extraction as programmatic reliefs, as spaces of intensive use in the hill, will

generate a recognition of a historical past capable of strengthening San Cristobal as a unitary landscape. The proposal seeks to integrate both the boost of their

natural systems and their uses, establishing new visual, ecological and programmatic links between San Cristóbal and the city.

the hill, recovering its old quarries. And on the other hand, the project was able to anticipate the transformations that Santiago would suffer over time, defining it as a large park, consistent with future expectations of urban expansion. Although the drawing of that plan disappeared and, consequently, was not applied, this thesis postulates that this project became a guide for the transformation of the hill, to the point that today it is possible to find some of its built fragments, which today have

For further information

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been isolated and devoid of meaning, materializing, as a result, an inconclusive plan.









