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Landscape Architecture and Infrastructure Design possibilities of infrastructures from the perspective of landscape architecture using the example of the Kiel Canal

Country / City	Germany / Hannover
University / School	Leibniz University Hannover
Academic year	winter semester 2017/18
Title of the project	timespace - infrastructure and landscape architecture
Authors	Lukas Merkel





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TECHNICAL DOSSIER

Title of the project	timespace - landscape architecture and infrastructure
Authors	Lukas Merkel
Title of the course	master's thesis
Academic year	winter semester 2017/18
Teaching Staff	Prof. DiplIng. Katja Benfer & M. Sc. Kendra Busche
Department/Section/Program of belonging	Department of Landscape Architecture &
	Department of Open Space Development
University/School	Leibniz University Hannover

Design possibilities of infrastructures from the perspective of landscape architecture using the example of the Kiel Canal

Infrastructures have become the basis of our civilisation in almost all areas of everyday life with an importance that we are only rarely aware of. The master's thesis examines the relationship of infrastrucutres to their surroundings using the Kiel Canal, located in northern Germany. Due to growing economic interests in order to increase the efficiency, the canal is extended in eastern parts and will be deepened along its entire length. This generates large amounts of soil, which need to be redistributed.

Where is potential to create a infrastructure that can be useful for the surrounding landscape and people beyond their purely functional purpose? How can this integration be achieved and what design opportunities are possible by using the examined soil?

These questions ask for wide analysis of the canal and a closer look at the functioning and integration into the surrounding at various levels and time layers. The methods of soil removal defines the basis of the design process.

The design develop a concept that explains the integration of three example designs into the canal surroundings. It also shows the functions of the newly created added value of the individual intervention.

Finally it becomes clear that effects of infrastructures can lead to mutually positively influencing symbioses under the comprehensive consideration of the basic requirements of the locations and demands of the infrastructure on the area.

Landscape architecture can, establish itself more in this technically shaped field, become a competent mediating designer between the disciplines through its basically interdisciplinary planning culture.

For further information Máster d'Arquitectura del Paisatge -DUOT - UPC

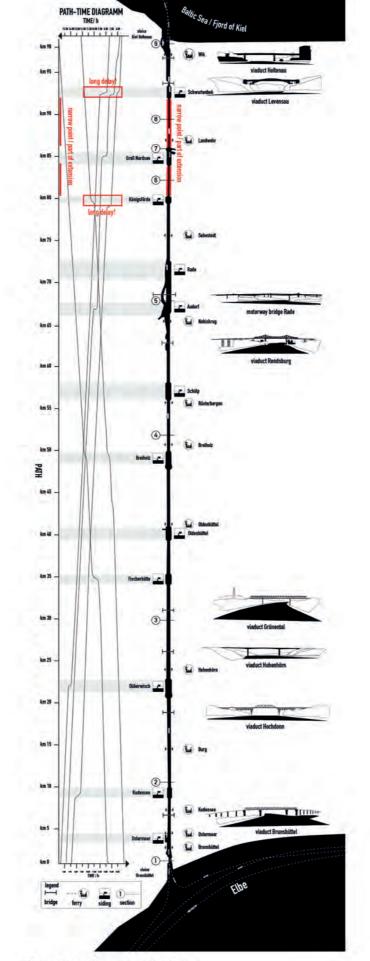
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Landscape Architecture and Infrastructure

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land consumption of infrastruture in germany compared to the area of Berlin





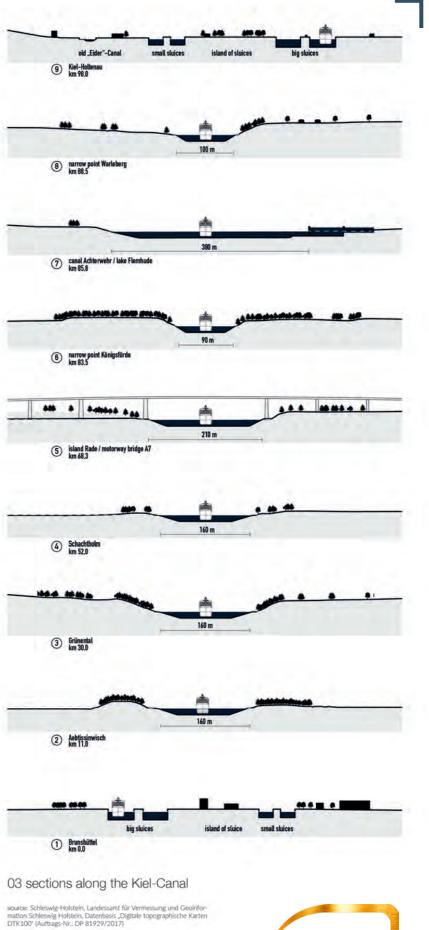


02 functionality of the Kiel Canal

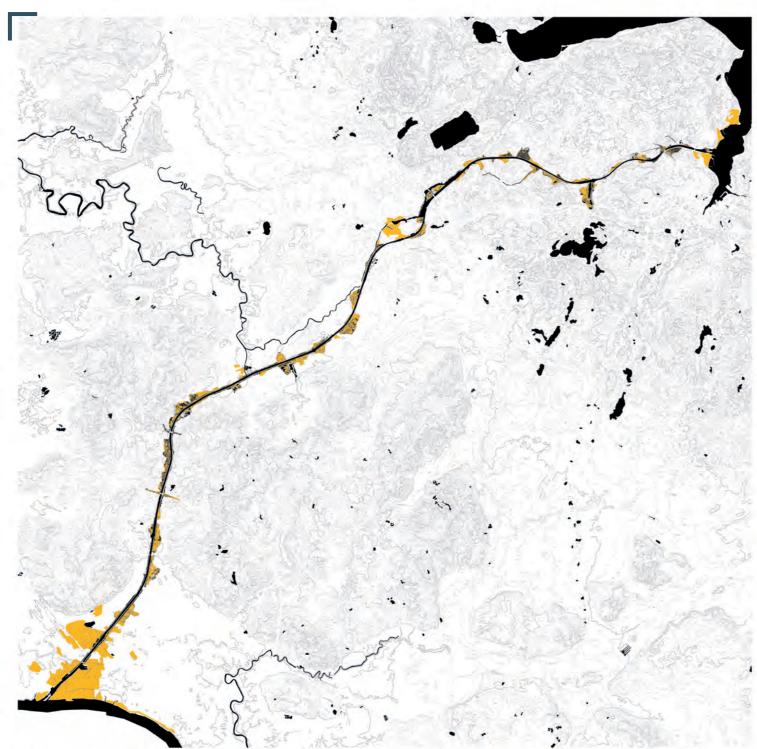
source: Graf et al, 1972, Kanalkarte

01 german infrastructure extension projects until 2030

souroe: BMVI 2016, 75-179, Wasser- und Schifffahrtsverwaltung des Bundes (WSV), 2013. (Wegevorteile." Aufgerufen am 14.03.2018. http://www.wsä-kiel.wsv.de/Nord-Ostsee-Kanal/Anlagen/Wegevorteil 2. jpg | Daten für Straße und Kanal: BBSR 2011, 10, Daten für Schiene: Allianz pro Schiene e.V., o. J., Flächenverbrauch: Platzsparend mobil auf der Schiene." Aufgerufen am 14.03.2018, https://www.allianz-pro-schiene.de/themen/umwelt/flaechenverbrauch/

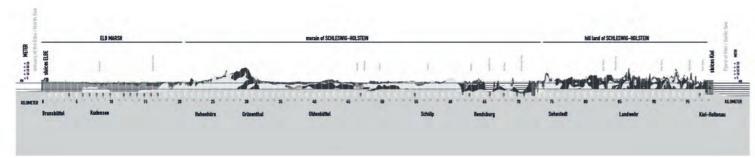






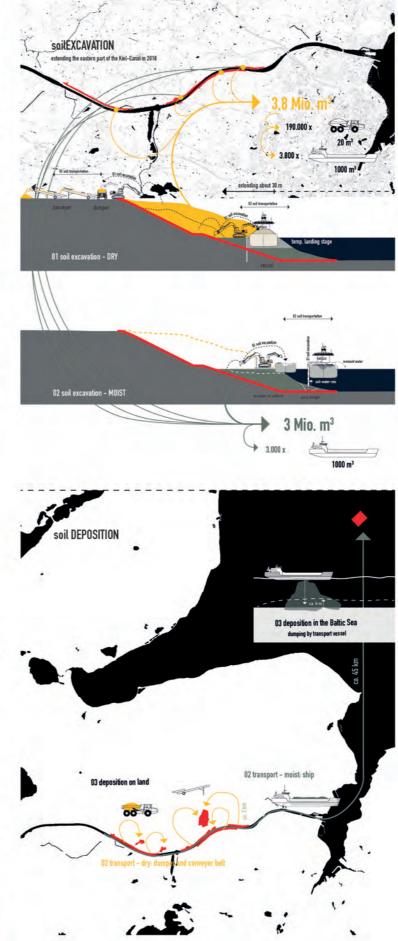
04 analysing the existing deposition areas along the canal

source: Schleswig-Holstein, Landessamt für Vermessung und Geoinformation Schleswig Holstein, Datenbasis "Digitale topographische Karten DTK100" (Auftrag-Nr.: DP 81929/2017)



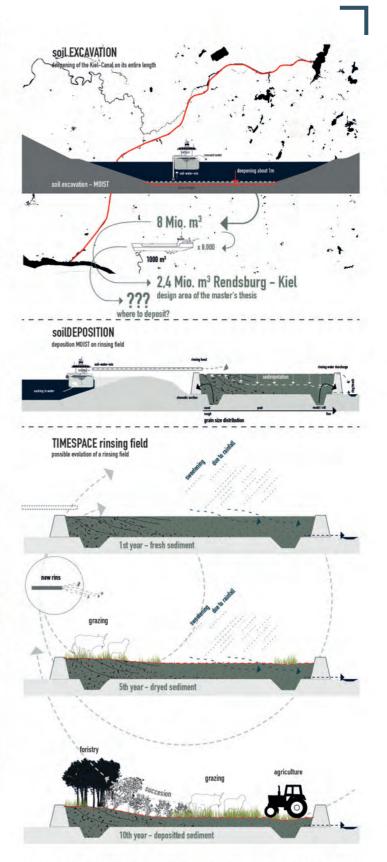
05 section through the Kiel-Canal from Brunsbüttel to Kiel-Holtenau

source: Zeitschrift für Bauwesen. 1896.Kaiser-Wilhelm-Canal. Berlin: Verlag von Wilhelm Ernst & Sohn.

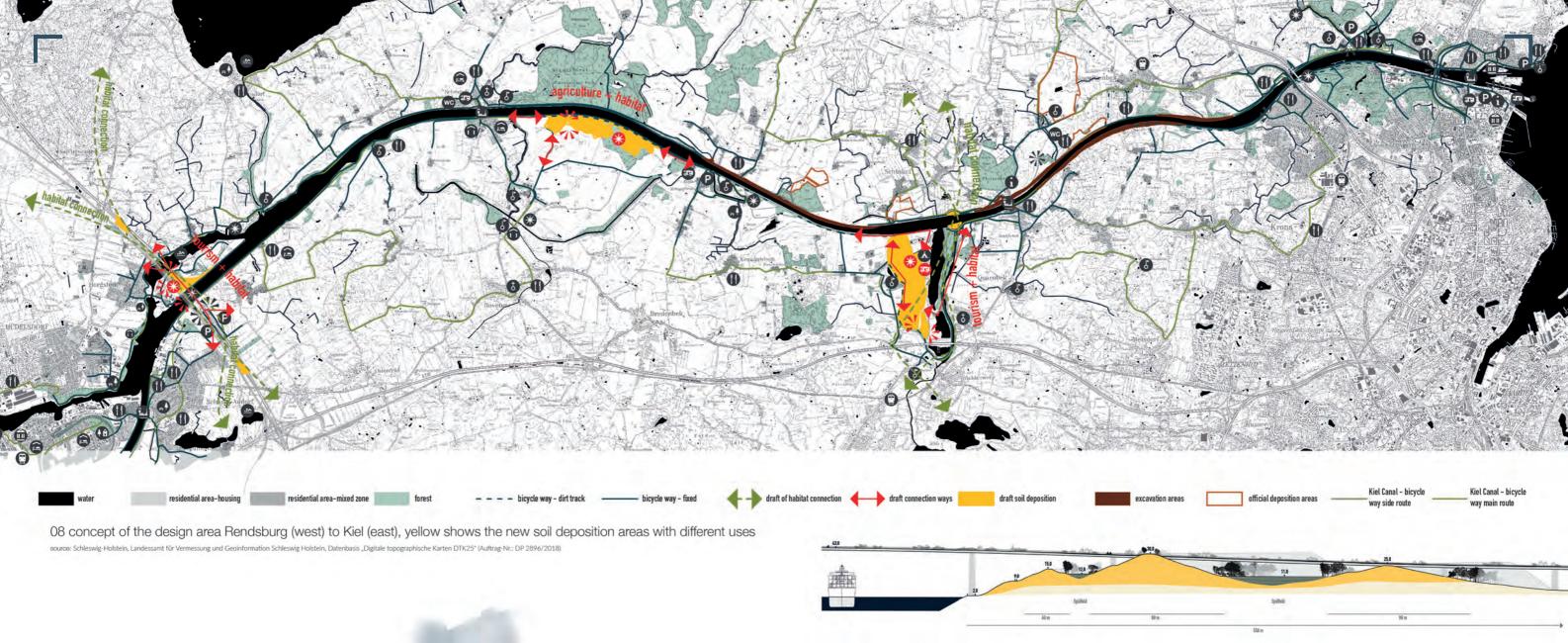


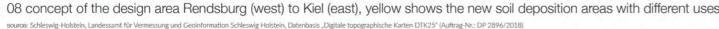
06 excavation & deposition methods dry and moist in the eastern part of the canal, starting 2018

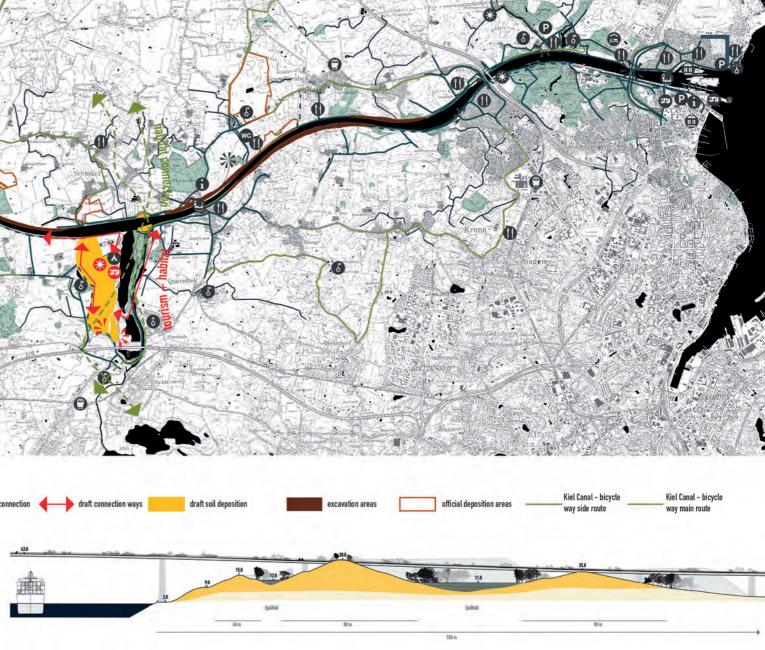
souroe: GWDS 2013, Wasser- und Schifffahrtsamt Brunsbüttel (WSA). 2009. Bodenmanagementkonzept und Wasserbehandlung Neubau 5. Schleusenkammer und Neubau Torinstandsetzungsdock. Aufgerufen am 17.03.2018. https://www.portalnok.de/Projekte/ Schleuse_Brunsbuettel/Planfeststellungsverfahren/Planunterlagen/10Materialband/14.pdf



07 deepening the canal at its entire length and deposition methods of the soil-water-mix on shore







10 section A-A' through the bridge and the new mountains Nr.: DP 2896/2018), © Google Earth 2018 Luftbilder



