

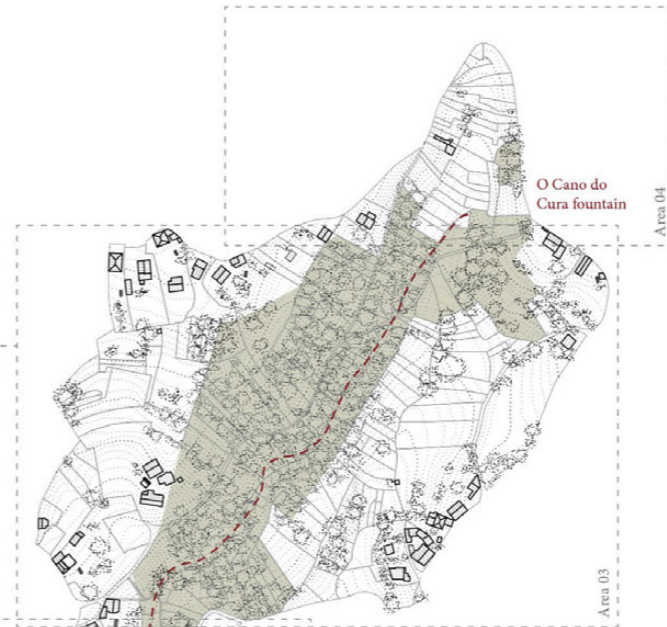


Area 01. Landscapes and Heritage

Area 01 of O Cano do Cura corresponds to its arrival at the hill where San Bieito monastery stands. In these surroundings, the landscape is significantly marked by heritage sites, under the influence of a structure as iconic as San Bieito church.

Area 03. Restored Forest Landscapes

Area 03 is the most natural area of the route, formerly crossing a native forest and, as of several decades ago, a Eucalyptus globulus forest plantation. Consequently, the plan in this part of the territory is particularly centred around vegetation, restoring the original forest and creating an ornamental border to showcase O Cano do Cura.



Area 04. Productive Agricultural Landscapes

Area 04 of O Cano do Cura corresponds to its source, in A Regueira, in the spring and fountain of the same name. Demarcated by the slopes of Monte das Pias, the value of these landscapes lies in the well-kept, productive appearance of their vegetation.



Area 02. Wine-Growing Landscapes

Area 02 of O Cano do Cura is characterised by two aspects of its landscapes: topography and the growing of Vitis vinifera. The idea in this area is to highlight these two distinguishing features, as a visual attraction for those who visit the monastery or church but who, in general, do not delve deeper into the parish.



Country / City Spain / A Coruña

University / School UDC [Universidade da Coruña] - USC [Universidade de Santiago de Compostela] / ETSAC [Mestrado Universitario en Arquitectura da Paisaxe Juana de Vega]

Academic year 2016 / 2017

Title of the project Recovery of O Cano do Cura / Parish of Lárez

Authors José Anta Rodríguez



PERFORMATIVE NATURE

Barcelona International Landscape Architecture Biennial

September 2018 **Barcelona**

SCHOOL PRIZE

X International Landscape Architecture Biennial

Máster d'Arquitectura del Paisatge -DUOT - UPC

ETSAB- Escola Tècnica Superior

d'Arquitectura de Barcelona

Avenida Diagonal, 649 piso 5

08028 Barcelona-Spain

TECHNICAL DOSSIER

Title of the project **Recovery of O Cano do Cura / Parish of Lérez**
Authors **José Anta Rodríguez**
Title of the course **Mestrado Universitario en Arquitectura da Paisaxe Juana de Vega**
Academic year **2016 / 2017**
Teaching Staff **Cristina García Fontán / Isabel Iglesias Díaz**
Department/Section/Program of belonging **Proxectos Arquitectónicos, Urbanismo e Composición**

University/School **Universidade da Coruña - Universidade de Santiago de Compostela / ETSAC**

Written statement, short description of the project in English, no more than 250 words

The parish of Lérez is one of the oldest, most rural parts of the area surrounding Pontevedra. Here, as the result of a public participation process, the memory of an abandoned, overlooked heritage site is felt: the former "O Cano do Cura" aqueduct.

This water course was the origin of this region's first settlement, San Bieito monastery, and different villages, which we can still see today, gradually appeared along its route. Until only a few years ago, O Cano do Cura characterised the identity of the parish, as a line drawn through landscapes, dividing the territory but also connecting its settlements and population.

The current state of this heritage site is reduced to large, disjointed elements. For this reason, reinstating the continuity of the aqueduct's itinerary has been considered as a possibility, making it accessible based on restoration of the network of historical paths which previously connected the parish's different neighbourhoods. As part of this premise, the route would once again connect not only Lérez' settlements but also the different landscapes which characterise them.

As a working method, its course is divided into four small areas of landscapes, allowing for adaptation of possible solutions to the different problems and strengths of each. Thus, restoration of O Cano do Cura will attempt to create an opportunity for rural development which, based on pre-existing elements, will contribute towards a sustainable, viable future for the weakest of Pontevedra's surrounding areas.

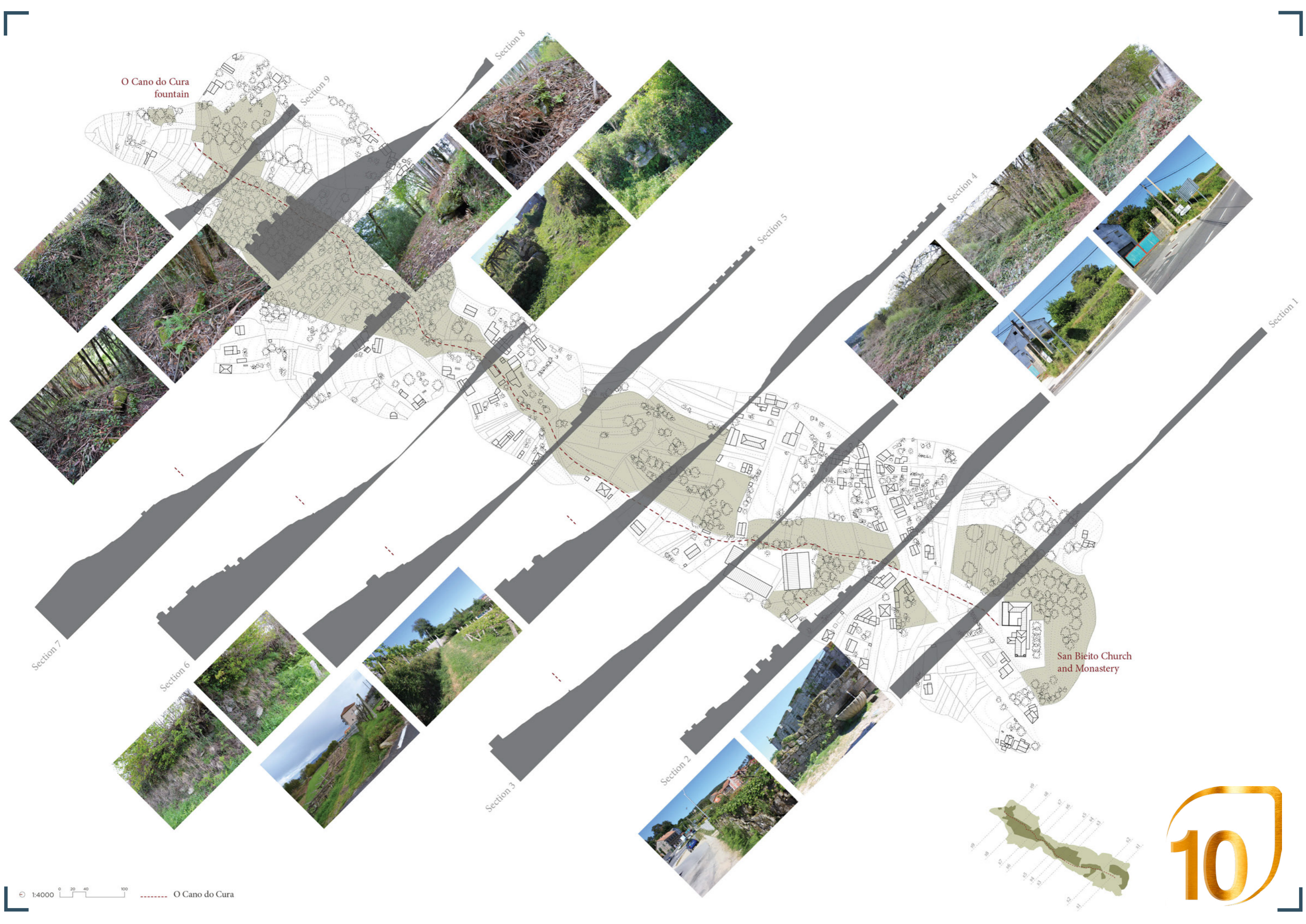
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Consult the web page <http://landscape.coac.net/>



O Cano do Cura fountain

Section 9

Section 8

Section 5

Section 4

Section 1

Section 7

Section 6

Section 3

Section 2

San Bieito Church and Monastery

Section 01
Height of the aqueduct: +80m



Section 02
Height of the aqueduct: +82m



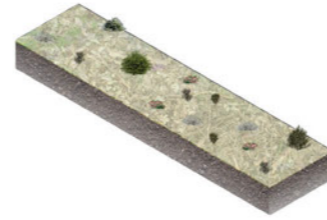
Section 03
Height of the aqueduct: +83m



Section 04
Height of the aqueduct: +83m



Section 05
Height of the aqueduct: +84m



At the time of planting



After 5 years



After 20 years



After 40 years



A06 A03 A07
Prunus spinosa
Crataegus monogyna
Rosa canina
A02 A05 A07 A07 A06 A07 A05 A04 A07
Corylus avellana
Lonicera periclymenum
Rosa canina
Prunus spinosa
Rosa canina
Lonicera periclymenum
Ilex aquifolium
Rosa canina



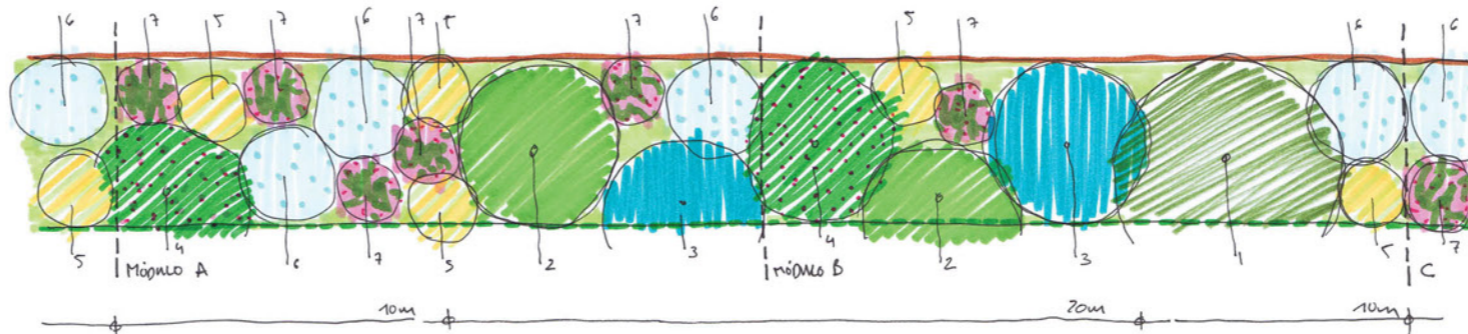
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Prunus spinosa
Rosa canina
Lonicera periclymenum
Ilex aquifolium
Rosa canina



Species used in the design of the plantation

- A01. *Laurus nobilis*
Number of plants: 10 uds | A: 0 B: 1 C: 1
- A02. *Corylus avellana*
Number of plants: 15 uds | A: 1 B: 1 C: 1
- A03. *Crataegus monogyna*
Number of plants: 15 uds | A: 1 B: 1 C: 1
- A04. *Ilex aquifolium*
Number of plants: 10 uds | A: 1 B: 1 C: 0
- A05. *Lonicera periclymenum*
Number of plants: 40 uds | A: 3 B: 2 C: 3
- A06. *Prunus spinosa*
Number of plants: 30 uds | A: 3 B: 1 C: 2
- A07. *Rosa canina*
Number of plants: 40 uds | A: 5 B: 1 C: 2

Characteristic species of the native forest to recover

- B01. *Castanea sativa*
- B02. *Pinus pinaster subsp. Atlantica*
- B03. *Quercus robur*
- B04. *Erica sp.*
- B05. *Rubus sp.*
- B06. *Ulex sp.*
- B07. *Pteridium aquilinum*

	SPRING	SUMMER	AUTUMN	WINTER	Height [m]	Diameter [m]
<i>Laurus nobilis</i>	Flowering				8-12	>8
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	Flowering				4-8	4-8
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Flowering				4-8	4-8
<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Flowering				>12	4-8
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Flowering	Flowering			4-8	1.5-2.5
<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Flowering				2.5-4	2.5-4
<i>Rosa canina</i>	Flowering	Flowering			2.5-4	1.5-2.5
<i>Castanea sativa</i>		Flowering			>12	>8
<i>Pinus pinaster subsp. Atlantica</i>	Flowering				>12	>8
<i>Quercus robur</i>	Flowering				>12	>8
<i>Erica sp.</i>	Flowering			Flowering	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.5
<i>Rubus sp.</i>	Flowering	Flowering			1.5-2.5	4-8
<i>Ulex sp.</i>	Flowering		Flowering		1.5-2.5	1.5-2.5
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>					0.5-2	1-2.5

>> Royal Horticultural Society | rh.org.uk



Area 03. Restored Forest Landscapes

