

Country / City Italy / MANTOVA

University / School Politecnico di Milano, Polo Territoriale di Mantova, Master of Science in Architectural design and history

Academic year 2019/2020

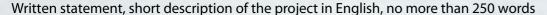
Title of the project Network of Places

Authors Piotr Hardt - Giorgio Camurri - Raffaele Dongili - Carlota Marijuán Rodríguez



### **TECHNICAL DOSSIER**

Title of the project	Network of Places	
Authors	Piotr Hardt - Giorgio Camurri - Raffaele Dongili - Carlota Marijuán Rodríguez	
Title of the course	Planning in historical context studio	
Academic year	2019/2020	
Teaching Staff	Carlo Peraboni, Chiara Lanzoni, Chiara Giacomelli, Sara Negrelli, Francesco Varesano	
Department/Section/Program of belonging		
Dastu - Dipartimento di architettura e studi urbani		
University/School	Politecnico di Milano, Polo territoriale di Mantova, Master of Science in Architectural design and history	



The context of the project is located in an important agricultural area of the province of Mantua, rich in history: dominated by the Gonzaga family and before that by Matilde di Canossa, one of the most important figures of the Italian Middle Ages. The context in also characterized of the Po river, the main Italian river, and its nature. Building a network of places is the strategy that gives the name to the project and has as its main objective the creation of networks and links between the different elements of the context: neighborhood centers, cycling path, architectural heritage and historical buildings, agricultural landscape, waterway network, high biodiversity areas. Building a network of places to preserve the elements of the traditional agrarian landscape that created a unique relationship between Man and Biosphere in the Valley of Po river. How to achieve the aim with a sustainable approach? Creating walkable sustainable towns and preserve agricultural land, containing the urban sprawl, re-define the relationships between town and nature, upgrading industrial areas, improving the efficiency of infrastructural networks and promoting the intermodal transportation system, controlling the impact of the industrial and quarries areas, onverting of derelict farmhouses, concreating a continuous green network and linking isolated ecological elements, planting new forests in the floodable areas to absorb CO2.

For further information

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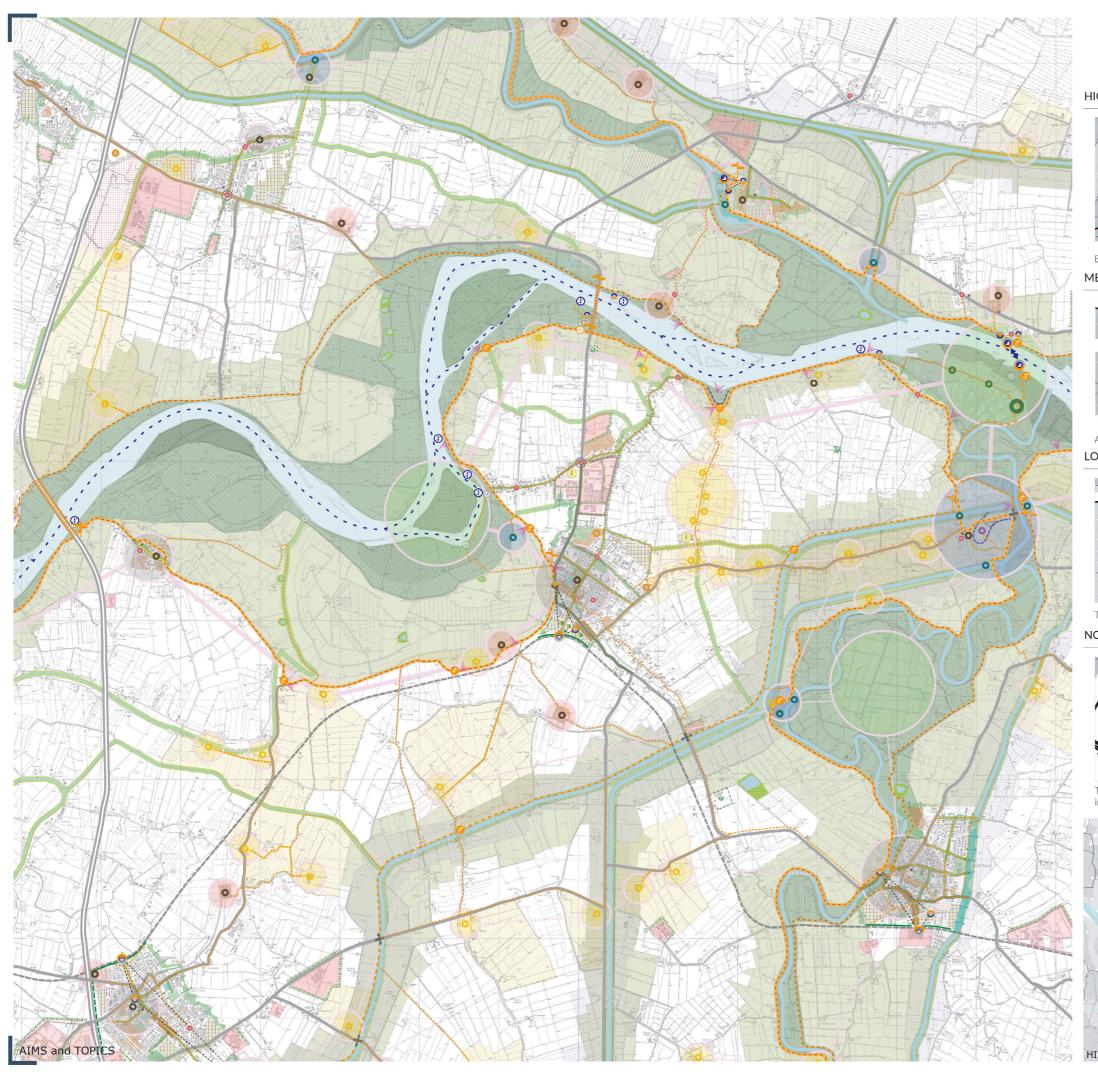




# **CLIMATE CHANGE AGAIN**

11th International Biennial Landscape Barcelona

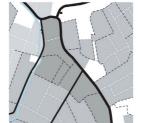
Barcelona September 2020 SCHOOL PRIZE



## NETWORK OF PLACES



### HIGH PERMANENCE AREAS







Both the agricultural fields and infrastructure maintained their historical layout.

### MEDIUM PERMANENCE AREAS







Area maintains the main land divisions and infrastructure but new subdivisions are added inside

### LOW PERMANENCE AREAS







The area maintains some historic infrastructure, while most land divisions are new

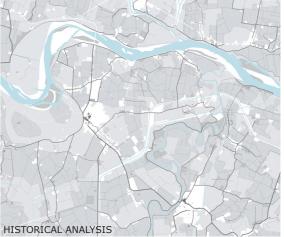
### NO PERMANENCE AREAS



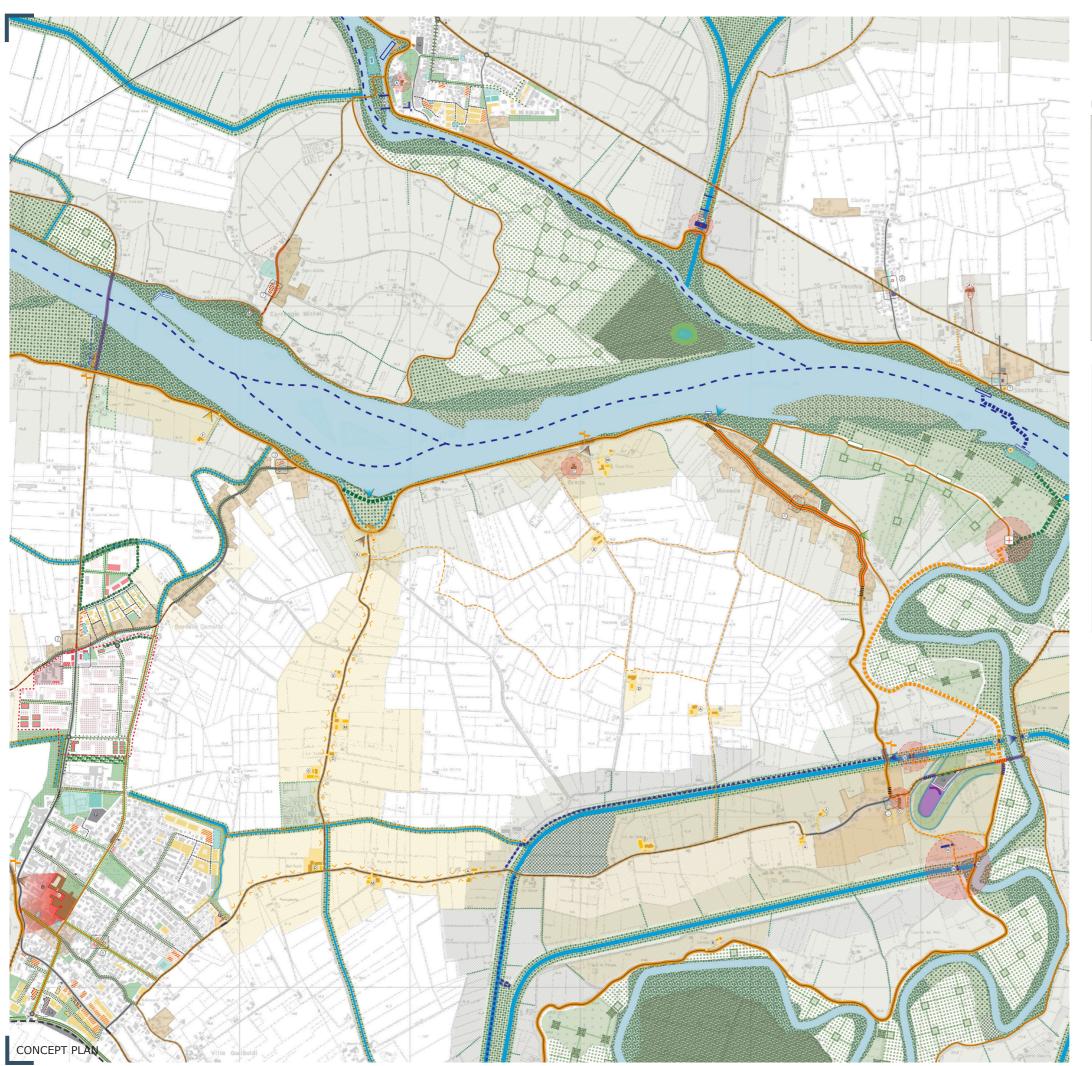




The town of San Benedetto has expanded beyond the historical limits, completely changing the image and the features of the landscape.







## **NETWORK OF PLACES**



### **ENVIRONMENT**

PRIMARY GREEN CORRIDORS		
555555	Planting of white willows, black locust and poplars to create new areas of riparian vegetation along river and channels	

Planting of pioneer species along the sand banks of the Po Planting of white willows and black locust in existing poplar plantations to link them to riparian vegetation areas

Replacement of the weaker poplars in abandoned plantations with oaks, elms and white mulberry trees in order to form a stable forest

Experimentation with the creation of wild pockets of nature within existing poplar plantations through the establishment of a network of clearings where native flora can grow spontaneously

Planting of oaks, elms and mulberry trees as biodiversity pockets within the existing poplar plantations 92.29 29.01

New sustainable poplar plantation

Creation of wildlife refuge areas for native fauna Areas in which to favor the natural formation of the undergrowth and growth of hawthorn shrubs, an uncommon species which needs assistance to re-establish its role within the Po ecosystem

### SECONDARY GREEN CORRIDORS

Planting of riparian vegetation areas along major channels

Planting of linear riparian vegetation along minor char

### NODES OF THE ECOLOGICAL NETWORK

Planting of oaks, elms and mulberry trees to start a stable forcet

Marshland vegetation around bugni

### BUFFER AREAS

Low impact, sustainable agricultural areas, such as organically-grown vineyards, orchards, walnut trees and meadows

Planting of new lines of trees along local access roads and significant land divisions to enhance the interaction between the green corridor and the territory

### LANDSCAPE

### ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE

Conservation of monument's curtilage to maintain its setting and perception

Conservation of original access roads of historical properties

• Information panel about the historical building, in order to explain its relevance and visually connect it to the network

◀ Viewpoint of Historical Buildings and their context

### AGRICULTURAL LANDSCAPE

Restore the old farms to give them new functions

Control the aesthetic of the contemporary buildings to not clash with the old rural farms

Conservation of Historical Farm Complexes

Reintroduction of old traditional cultiavation around the historical farms, on High Permanence Fields as "piantata padana" (a system of trees and grapevines).

Preservation of High Permanence Roads to connect farmhouse to the road network

Scenic Path through agricultural fields

✓ Viewpoint of Historical Farm Complexes and their context

### INFRASTRUCTURE

### CYCLING AND WALKING NETWORK

Demarcation of the primary cycling paths, through surface signage along minor roads

Demarcation of primary cycling paths within small towns through surface signage and addition of footpaths

Upgrade of the primary cycling paths through the creation of designated cycle lanes along provincial roads

Construction of a new branch of the primary cycling path along the embankments of the river Secchia

Marking of the intersections between the cultural and cycling networks through paving changes

Construction of scenic boardwalk along the river, connecting the main cycle path

Establishment of secondary paths of the cycling network along the channels of Bonifica through the repaving of the channel service roads

Construction of the new secondary paths of the cycling network, along the Bonifica channel

Establishment of local paths through the upgrade of existing small roads

Construction of local paths

Construction of small pedestrian bridges over channels

Provision of major resting areas, with benches, tables, drinking water, bins, toilets, information maps and bike repair tools

Provision of minor resting stops, with benches, drinking water and a rubbish bin

Indication signs at key intersections

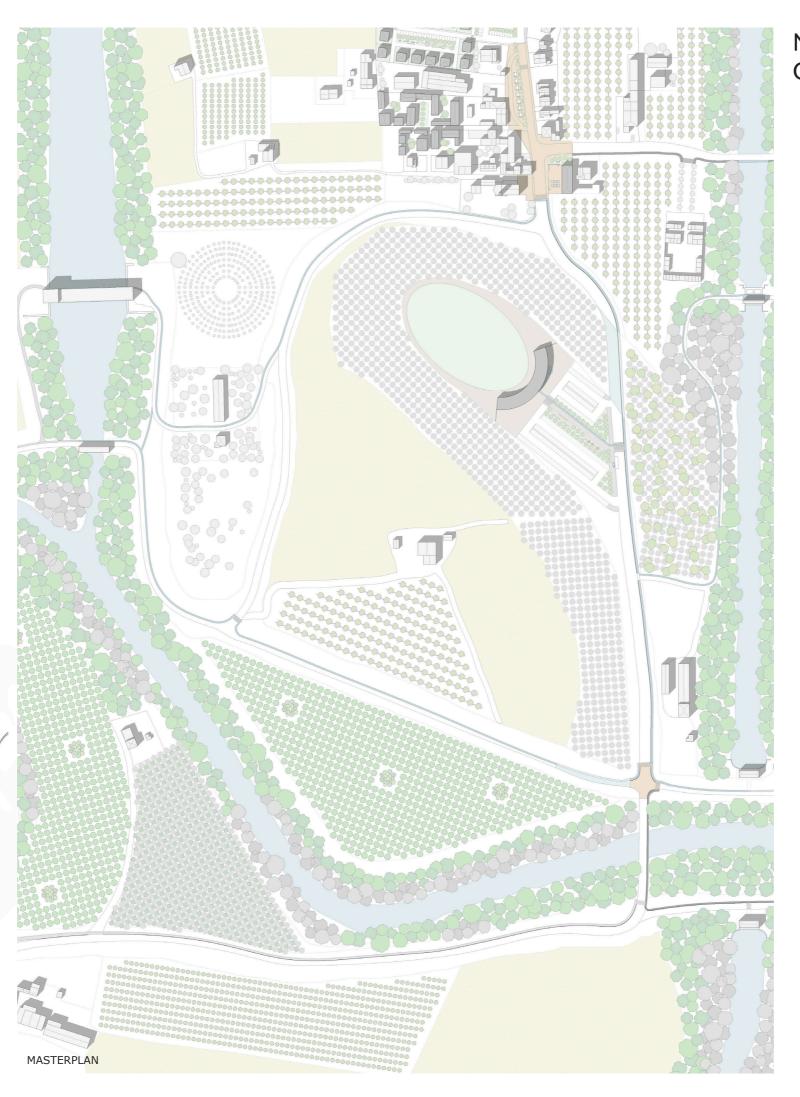




Circulation diagram



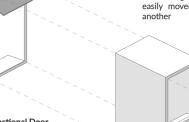




## **NETWORK OF PLACES**



1\_Modular Metal Box with a regular shapeso as to be easily moved from one point to another



4\_Multifunctional Door splitted in two parts: the lower being a ramp of axcess, the higher being a vertically folding door



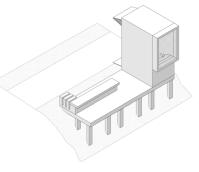
2\_Double Grid Screen providing visual systems framing selected elements of the landscape



made out of wooden pillars and beams to adapt to the steep embankments







Road Painting over Secchia Footprint